

SLOPE STABILITY MONITORING THROUGH IMPEDANCE IMAGING

Alistair Boyle,
Paul Wilkinson,
Jonathan Chambers,
Nolwenn Lesparre,
Andy Adler

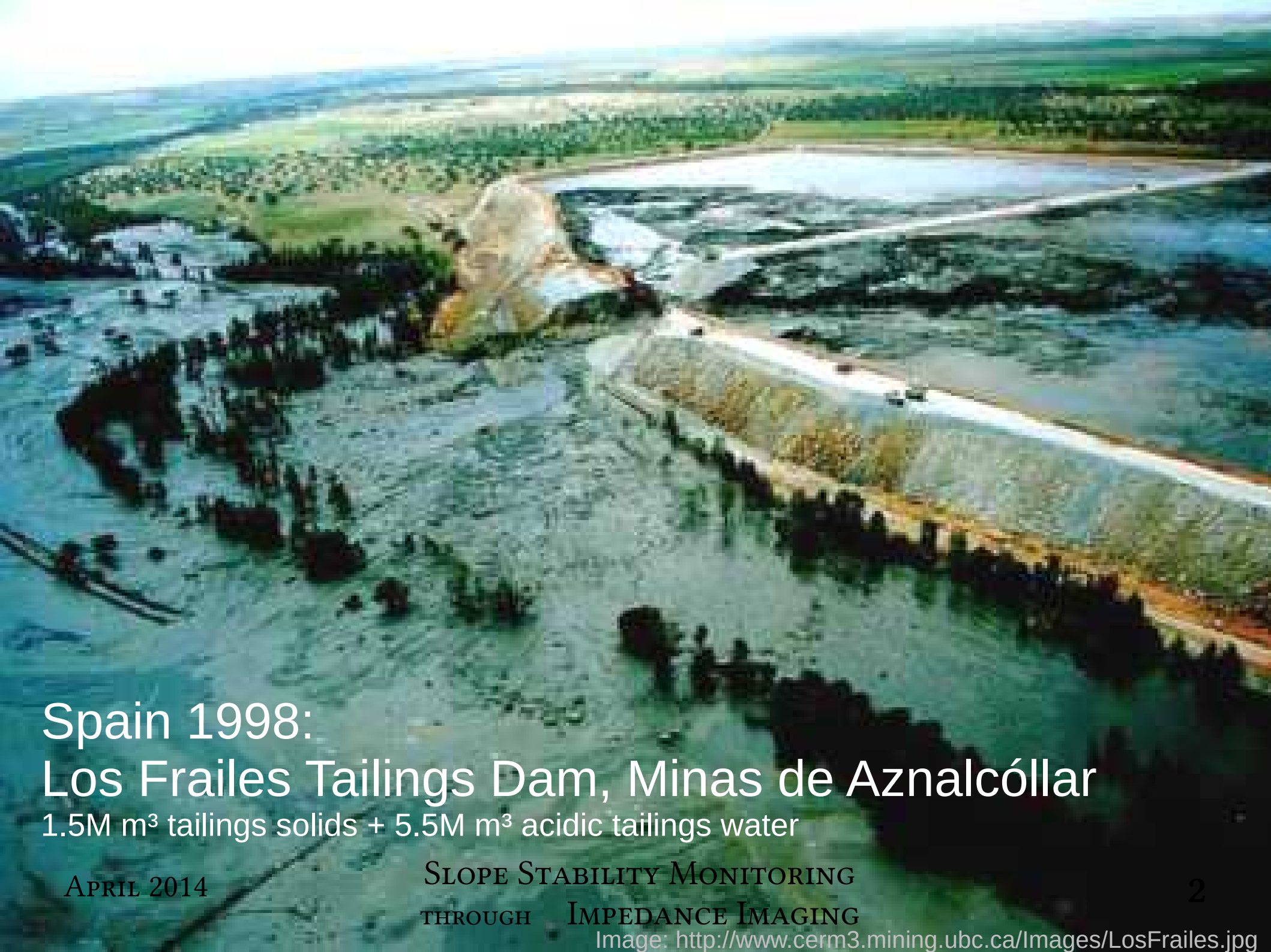
a collaboration between



Carleton
UNIVERSITY



**British
Geological Survey**
NATURAL ENVIRONMENT RESEARCH COUNCIL



Spain 1998:

Los Frailes Tailings Dam, Minas de Aznalcóllar

1.5M m³ tailings solids + 5.5M m³ acidic tailings water

APRIL 2014

SLOPE STABILITY MONITORING

THROUGH IMPEDANCE IMAGING

Image: <http://www.cerm3.mining.ubc.ca/Images/LosFrailes.jpg>

Provost, AB, Canada (2013)
CP Rail freight train; 17 potash cars derailed,
~100m track destroyed.



APRIL 2014

SLOPE STABILITY MONITORING
THROUGH IMPEDANCE IMAGING

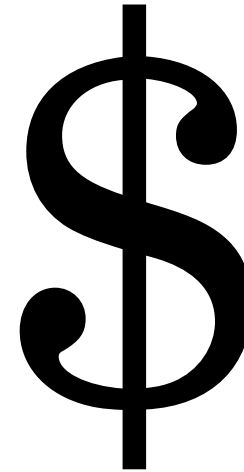
3

Image & report: <http://www.tsb.gc.ca/eng/rapports-reports/rail/2013/r13e0069/r13e0069.asp>

Slope Stability can represent



&



an environmental risk

effective mitigation:
a monetary benefit



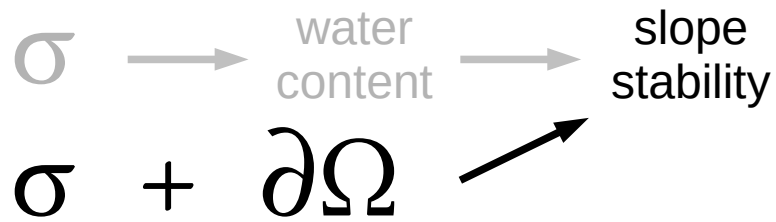
PREDICTIVE: (?)

1) conductivity σ – water content:

- Archie's Law (sandstone)
- Waxman-Smiths Equation (clay)

2) water content – slope stability:

- Static Slope Stability Analysis based on soil types and water content



DIRECT MONITORING:

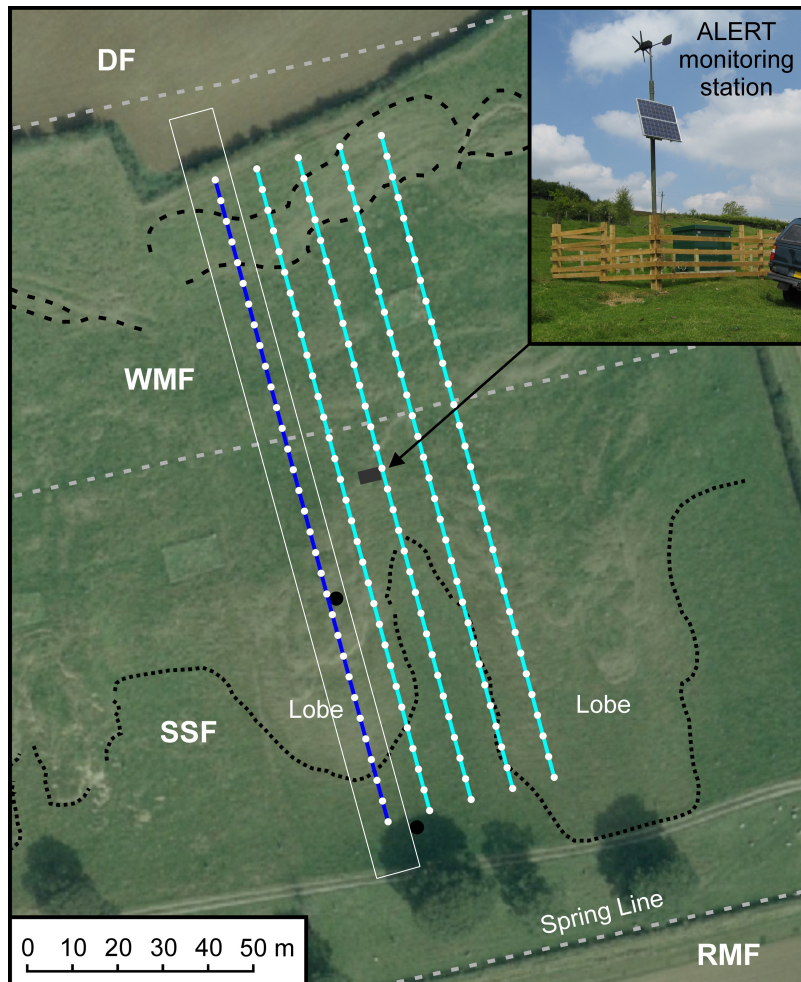
1) Direct movement estimate from reconstruction

- Online, remote monitoring
- Cost effective equipment vs.

Laser range finding

A TEST SITE

HOLLIN HILL, UK: A SLOW MOVING LANDSLIDE

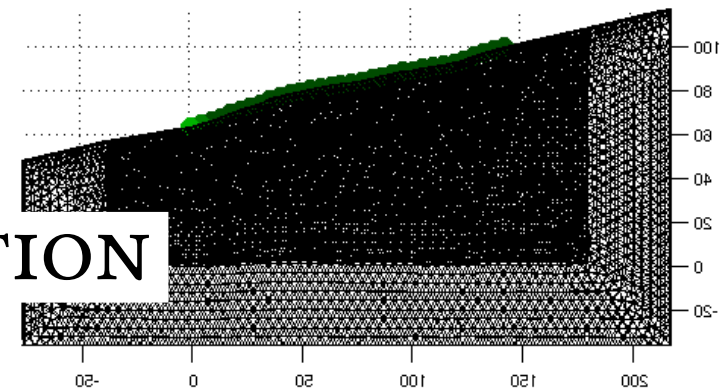


[Paul Wilkinson et al., "Goelectrical Landslide Tracking", EAGE2010]

APRIL 2014

SLOPE STABILITY MONITORING
THROUGH IMPEDANCE IMAGING

ABSOLUTE SOLUTION MEASUREMENTS & RECONSTRUCTION



- 32 electrode, linear array, downslope
 - Initial & final electrode positions & slope profile from RTK GPS
- 1) uniform initial σ est. based on best-fit, also used as fixed background σ
 - 2) *apparent resistivity* = measurements scaled for geometry and stimulus
 - improved numeric stability by normalizing magnitudes
 - 3) log σ : conductivity Jacobian (negativity constraint)
$$J_{\ln \sigma} = \partial \sigma = \frac{\partial b}{\partial \ln \sigma} = \frac{\partial b}{\partial \sigma} \frac{\partial \sigma}{\partial \ln \sigma} = \frac{\partial b}{\partial \sigma} \sigma = J_{\sigma} \sigma$$
 - 4) movement Jacobian by perturbation; alternate electrode sites in model
 - 5) 2.5D: fine 3D fwd model, coarse 2D inv model, fitted to electrode pos.
 - 6) absolute iterative Gauss-Newton solution

RTK: Real Time Kinematic; a differential GPS technology ($\pm 1 - 4$ cm absolute, 5mm relative to base station)

APRIL 2014

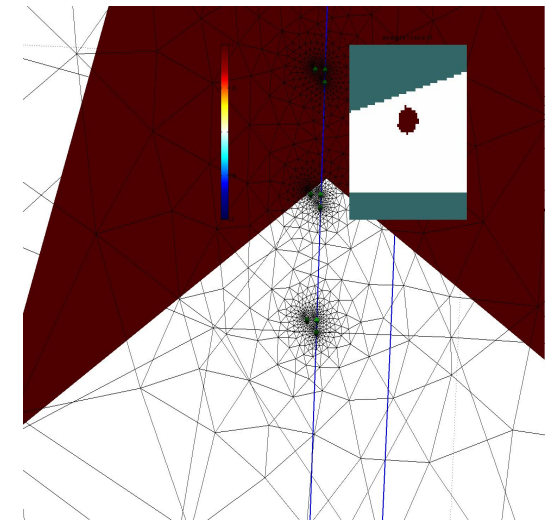
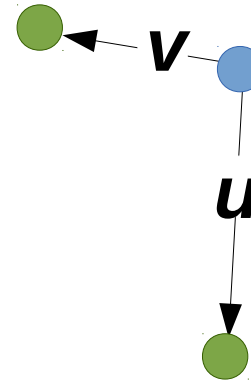
SLOPE STABILITY MONITORING
THROUGH IMPEDANCE IMAGING

ABSOLUTE SOLUTION

JACOBIAN & REGULARIZATION TERMS

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} \ln \sigma & u & v \end{bmatrix}^T$$

$$J = \begin{bmatrix} J_{\sigma} \sigma & J_u & J_v \end{bmatrix}$$



$J_{\sigma} \sigma$

scaled adjoint
Jacobian calculation
ln conductivity

J_u

electrode perturbation
downslope

J_v

electrode perturbation
cross-slope

ABSOLUTE SOLUTION

FORWARD SOLVER TIME

- Movement perturbation is computationally slow (a fine mesh), one forward solution per Gauss-Newton iteration

$$P_M = N_{el} D_{DoF} P_{orig}$$

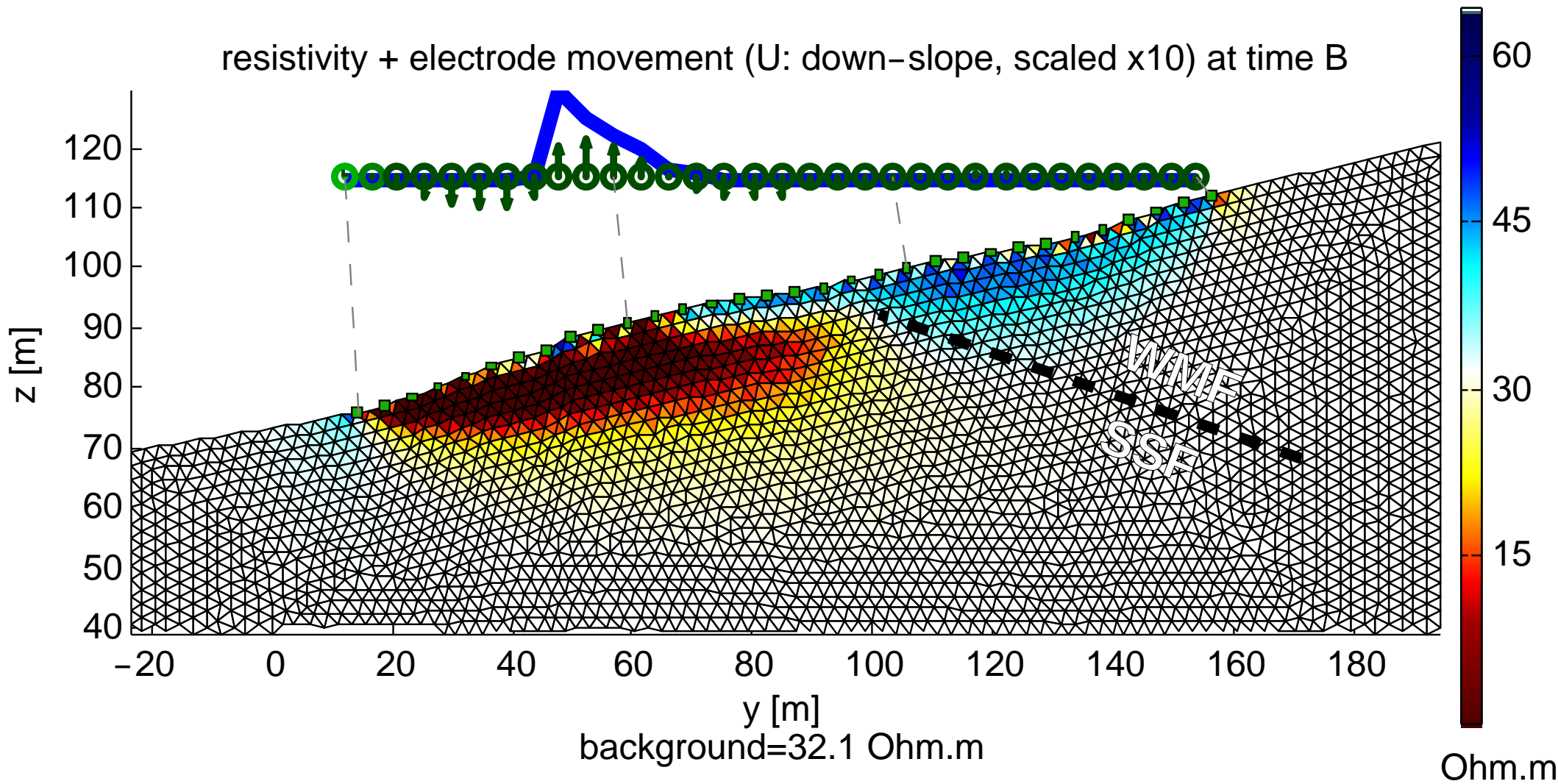
$$N_{el}=32, D_{DoF}=2, P_M \approx 37000$$

- Developed a generalized stim/meas improvement routine that rearranges stimulus and measurements to minimize matrix operations, skip redundant results, providing a transparent (to the user) optimization.
- Forward solution in 45 minutes becomes
3.75 minutes for rearrangement + 15 seconds per solution
... run times were two orders of magnitude faster

Timings on an Intel Xeon 2.6GHz, 8 cores, 64GB memory

RECONSTRUCTION

REASONABLE AGREEMENT WITH “GROUND TRUTH”



APRIL 2014

SLOPE STABILITY MONITORING
THROUGH IMPEDANCE IMAGING

11

DISCUSSION

- Resistivity distribution agrees with geological evidence
- Estimated movement is in reasonable agreement with GPS measurements
- Further Refinement:
 - Regularization and constraints for movement
 - Conjugate Gradient solver versus Gauss-Newton
 - Better iterative solver line search

SLOPE STABILITY MONITORING THROUGH IMPEDANCE IMAGING

Thank You

Alistair Boyle,
Paul Wilkinson,
Jonathan Chambers,
Nolwenn Lesparre,
Andy Adler

a collaboration between



Carleton
UNIVERSITY



**British
Geological Survey**
NATURAL ENVIRONMENT RESEARCH COUNCIL

Potash – water soluble potassium salts

Main use: fertilizer

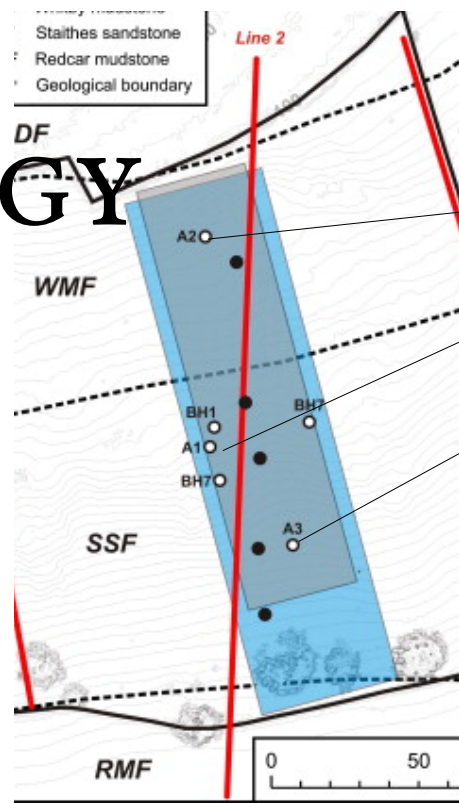
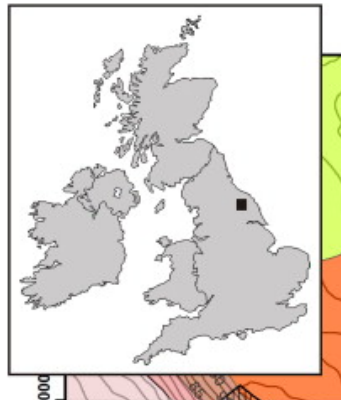
largest producer: CAN
worldwide 30M tons/yr



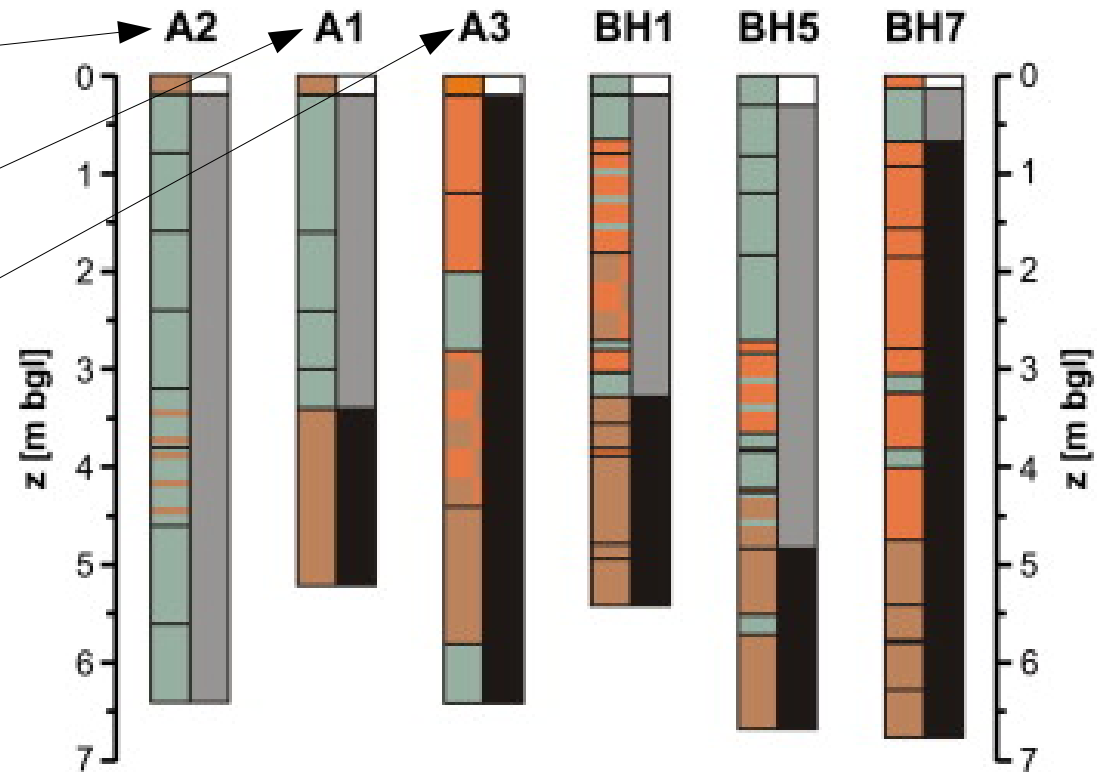
<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Potash>

Image: <http://resourcescommittee.house.gov/subcommittees/emr/usgsweb/photogallery/>

GEOLOGY



Hand Drilling & Auguring



WMF: Whitby Mudstone Formations

SSF: Staithes Sandstone and Cleveland Ironstone

[Chambers et al. "Three-dimensional geophysical anatomy of an active landslide in Lias Group mudrocks, Cleveland Basin, UK" *Geomorphology* 125 (4) Feb 2011, p472–484]

KEY

Lithology

Clay	Clay (silt lam.)	
Silt	Silt (clay lam.)	
Sand	Sand (clay lam.)	Sand & silt

Stratigraphy

Top soil	WMF (slipped)	SSF
----------	---------------	-----